

# 2021 Consumer Confidence Report

## Your Annual Drinking Water Quality Information



### Meadowbrook Acres Mobile Home Park

Route 20, Brimfield, MA 01010

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Public Water Supply ID #1043001

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This report provides a snapshot of the drinking water quality that was achieved last year. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains and how its quality compares to state and federal standards. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

#### **PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM INFORMATION**

Meadowbrook Acres Mobile Home Park is a community located on Route 20 in Brimfield, with 96 mobile home sites, an office building, and a recreation hall for general activities for the residents. The population fluctuates based upon the number of units that may be for sale, or residents that may reside in other locations during winter months. The maximum population is 137 people. The water system includes two wells, a 20,000-gallon storage tank, and approximately 5,000 feet of 2-inch plastic piping around the perimeter of the park.

Meadowbrook Acres makes every effort to provide you with safe and uncontaminated drinking water. Our water system is routinely inspected by the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP). MassDEP inspects our system for its technical, financial, and managerial capacity to provide safe drinking water to you. To ensure that we provide the highest quality of water available, your water system is also operated by a Massachusetts certified operator who oversees the routine operations of our system. The water quality achieved with our system is monitored by us, the certified operator, and MassDEP to determine if any future treatment may be required. Our Licensed Contract Water Operator and maintenance staff routinely inspect the system. In addition, MassDEP inspects the system approximately every 3 years to evaluate compliance with current state and federal regulations. Our last Sanitary Survey inspection was conducted by MassDEP on April 5, 2018. We currently have no outstanding deficiencies with our water system.

#### **OPPORTUNITIES FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION**

While we do not have regularly scheduled meetings regarding our water system, we welcome any opportunity to discuss concerns or issues. Please contact us if you would like to publicly discuss your drinking water

#### **YOUR DRINKING WATER SOURCE**

##### ***Where Does My Drinking Water Come From?***

The drinking water for Meadowbrook Acres comes from two deep wells. These groundwater sources are designated by MassDEP Source Name and ID Source Number as the Upper Well [1043001-01G] and Lower Well [1043001-02G]. The primary source of water for Meadowbrook Acres, the Upper Well, is located near the corner of Willow Circle and Foxrun Lane. The Lower Well, which is used primarily when demand is high and/or in the event of a water emergency, is located on Cypress Court.

##### ***How are These Sources Protected?***

MassDEP has prepared a Source Water Assessment Program (SWAP) Report for the water supply sources serving this water system. The SWAP Report assesses the susceptibility of public water supplies. A susceptibility ranking of “moderate” was assigned to this system using the information collected during the assessment by MassDEP. The complete SWAP report is available online at <https://www.mass.gov/service-details/the-source-water-assessment-protection-swap-program>. For more information, call Harry Dumont at (603) 888-8950.

Residents can help protect sources by:

- practicing good septic system maintenance,
- supporting water supply protection initiatives at the next town meeting
- taking hazardous household chemicals to hazardous materials collection days,
- contacting the water department or Board of Health to volunteer for monitoring or education outreach to schools,
- Limiting pesticide and fertilizer use, etc.

## **SUBSTANCES FOUND IN TAP WATER**

Sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals, and in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include.

**Microbial contaminants** - such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

**Inorganic contaminants** - such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, and farming.

**Pesticides and herbicides** - which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.

**Organic chemical contaminants** - Including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

**Radioactive contaminants** - which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

## **COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS**

### ***Does Drinking Water Meet Current Health Standards?***

We are committed to providing you with the best water quality available. We are proud to report that last year your drinking water met all applicable health standards regulated by the state and federal government.

### **IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS**

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the MCLG's as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known expected risk to health. MCLG's allow for a margin of safety.

**Action Level (AL)** - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**90th Percentile** - Out of every 10 homes sampled, 9 were at or below this level.

**Treatment Technique (TT)** - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL)** - These standards are developed to protect aesthetic qualities of drinking water and are not health based.

**Unregulated Contaminants** - Contaminants for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose is to assist EPA in determining their occurrence in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted.

**Method of Detection Limit (MDL)** - The minimum concentration of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99% confidence the analyte concentration is greater than zero and determined from analysis of a sample in a given matrix containing the analyte

**Turbidity** - A measure of the cloudiness of water. Turbidity is monitored because it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of the filtration system.

**Massachusetts Office of Research and Standards Guidelines (ORSG)** - This is the concentration of a chemical in drinking water, at or below which, adverse health effects are unlikely to occur after chronic (lifetime) exposure.

## WATER QUALITY TESTING RESULTS

The water quality tables show the most recent water quality testing results where levels were detected and compares those levels to standards set by the Environmental Protection Agency and Massachusetts Environmental Protection Agency.

MassDEP has reduced the monitoring requirements for inorganic contaminants, synthetic organic contaminants, and perchlorate, because the source is not at risk of contamination. The last sample was collected on 7/6/2021 for Perchlorate, 4/6/2021 for Synthetic Organic Contaminants, 5/5/2020 for Inorganic Contaminants, and 10/5/2021 for PFAS, with all found to meet all applicable US EPA and MassDEP standards.

With the exception of those compounds noted on the tables below, all other compounds in the panels reported undetectable levels.

Regulated Contaminant	Date(s) Collected	Highest Result	Range Detected	MCL	MCLG	Violation (Yes/No)	Possible Source(s) of Contamination
<b>INORGANIC CONTAMINANTS</b>							
<i>Nitrate (ppm)</i>	<i>04/07/2021</i>	<i>0.337 (Upper)</i>	<i>N/A</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits</i>
<i>Barium (ppm)</i>	<i>05/05/2020</i>	<i>0.0138 (Lower) 0.0114 (Upper)</i>	<i>N/A</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>Discharge of drilling waste, or from metal refineries. Erosion of natural deposits</i>
<i>Chromium (ppm)</i>	<i>05/05/2020</i>	<i>0.0016 (Lower)</i>	<i>N/A</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0.8</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>Discharge from steel and pulp mills. Erosion of natural deposits</i>

Contaminant (units)	Dates Collected	Result or Range Detected	Average Detected	SMCL	ORSG	Possible Source(s) of Contamination
<b>UNREGULATED AND SECONDARY CONTAMINANTS</b>						
<i>Sodium (ppm)</i>	<i>05/05/2020</i>	<i>6.09 (Lower) 4.75 (Upper)</i>	<i>N/A</i>	<i>N/A</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>Natural Sources, runoff from use of salt on roadways, byproduct of water treatment process.</i>
<i>*Some people who drink water containing sodium at high concentrations for many years could experience an increase in blood pressure.</i>						

<b>LEAD AND COPPER – 8/23/2020 through 9/2/2020</b>						
Contaminant (units)	Action Level	90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	Number of Sites Sampled	Number of sites above the Action Level	Possible Sources of Contamination	Violation (Yes/No)
<i>Lead (ppb)</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>1.5</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>Corrosion of household plumbing</i>	<i>No</i>
<i>Copper (ppm)</i>	<i>1.3</i>	<i>0.531</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>Corrosion of household plumbing</i>	<i>No</i>

ppm = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)

ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l)

ND = Not Detected

N/A = Not Applicable

## HEALTH NOTES

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the Department of Environmental Protection (MA DEP) and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and Massachusetts Department of Public Health (DPH) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and some infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines on lowering the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800)-426-4791.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Meadowbrook Acres is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Cross connections are potentially hazardous situations for public or private potable water supply and a source of potable water contamination. A cross connection is any potential or actual physical connection between potable water supply and any source through which it is possible to introduce any substance other than potable water into the water supply. Common Cross connection scenarios are a garden hose whose spout is submerged in a bucket of soapy water or connected to a spray bottle of weed killer.

Cross connections between a potable water line and a non-potable water system or equipment have long been a concern of the Department of Environmental Protection (MA DEP). MA DEP established regulations to protect the public health of water consumers from contaminants due to back-flow events. The installation of back-flow prevention devices, such as a low-cost hose bib vacuum breaker, for all inside and outside hose connections is recommended. You can purchase this at a hardware store or plumbing supply store. This is a great way for you to help protect the water in your home as well as the drinking water system in your community. For additional information on cross connections and on the status of your water system's cross connection program, please contact:

**Tim Vreeland / Water Operator**

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**Harry Dumont / Property Manager**

**7D Taggart Drive / Nashua, NH 03060**

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For more information regarding our system you may also visit the EPA website at:

<http://www.epa.gov/enviro/facts/sdwis/search.htm>

*This report is a compilation of best available data sources including: licensed operators' reports, water supply owner's coordination. MA DEP public records and EPA online records. The report represents an accurate account of your water quality to the best of our knowledge. Prepared by Housatonic Basin Sampling & Testing on behalf of your water supplier.*

JUNE 2022

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## Meadowbrook Acres

UNDER 310 CODE OF MASSACHUSETTS REGULATION, SECTION 22.16A, NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY TO OBTAIN THE 2021 CCR REPORT PERTAINING TO WATER QUALITY IS PUBLICLY POSTED.



**PLEASE CONTACT:**  
**Harry Dumont, Property Manager**  
**(603) 888-8950**

**IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO RECEIVE A COPY OF THE  
FULL REPORT OR DISCUSS ANY INFORMATION  
CONCERNING THIS WATER SYSTEM. COPIES ALSO  
AVAILABLE AT YOUR LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH.**

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